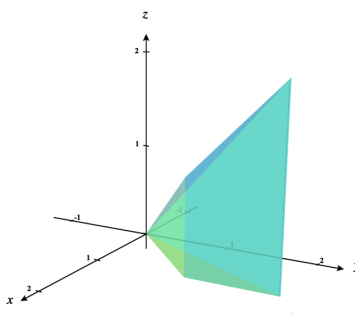


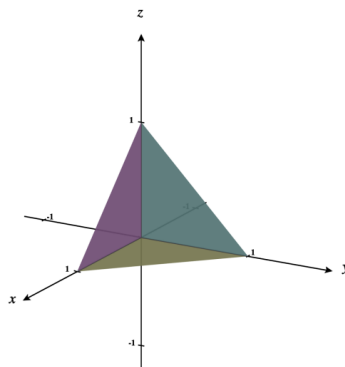
Math 203 — Triple integrals

Problem 1. Consider the triple integral $\int_0^1 \int_x^{2x} \int_0^y 2xyz \, dz \, dy \, dx$. This is a triple integral over the region D shown below.



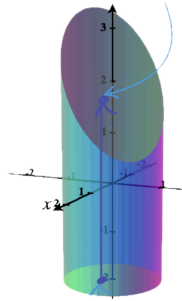
- Identify the lower and upper bounding surfaces of D .
- Sketch the region R given by projecting D onto the xy -plane.
- Compute the integral.

Problem 2. Let D be the solid region that is bounded by the planes $x = 0$, $y = 0$, $z = 0$, and $x + y + z = 1$. This shape is like a pyramid whose faces are all triangles. It is shown below.



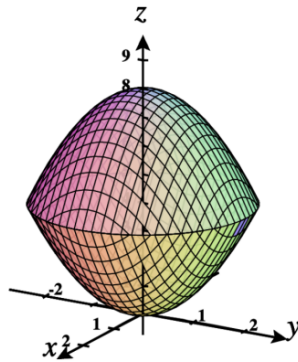
- Make a sketch in the xy -plane of the projection R of D onto the xy -plane.
- Set up a triple integral to find the mass of D given that it has density $f(x, y, z)$.

Problem 3. Let D be the solid region that is given by a solid cylinder bounded on the sides by $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ whose bottom face is the plane $z = -2$ and whose top face is the plane $x + y + z = 2$. It is shown below.



- Make a sketch in the xy -plane of the projection R of D onto the xy -plane.
- Set up a triple integral to find the mass of D given that it has density $f(x, y, z)$.

Problem 4. Let D be the solid region that is bounded below by the paraboloid $z = x^2 + y^2$ and above by the paraboloid $z = 8 - (x^2 + y^2)$. It is shown below.



- Find where the two paraboloids intersect.
- Make a sketch in the xy -plane of the projection R of D onto the xy -plane.
- Set up a triple integral to find the mass of D given that it has density $f(x, y, z)$.