

# Math 203, Spring 2023 — Homework 7

Tim Chumley

Due April 7

**Instructions.** This problem set has material from Week 9 of class.

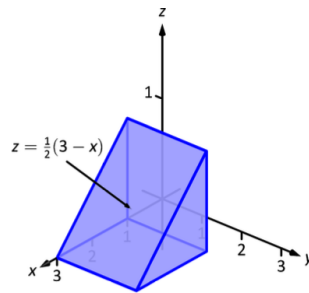
**Problem 1.** For each function  $f(x, y)$  and region  $R$  given below, set up  $\iint_R f(x, y) dA$  using polar coordinates. No need to compute the integrals.

- $f(x, y) = 4xy$ ,  $R$  is the portion of the annulus with inner and outer radii 1 and 2 in the third and fourth quadrants of the  $xy$ -plane.
- $f(x, y) = 1 - x^2 - y^2$ ,  $R$  is the portion of the disk of radius 3 in the first, third, and fourth quadrants of the  $xy$ -plane.
- $f(x, y) = x + y$ ,  $R$  is the region between  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$  and  $x^2 + y^2 = 16$  in the right half of the  $xy$ -plane.
- $f(x, y) = 1$ ,  $R$  is the region between the circles  $(x-1)^2 + y^2 = 1$  and  $(x-3)^2 + y^2 = 9$ .

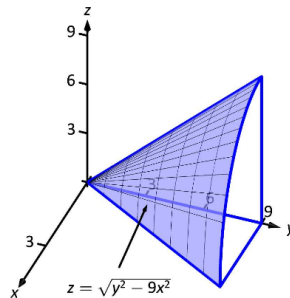
**Problem 2.** For each double integral below, (1) sketch the region of integration, (2) and set up the integral in polar coordinates. No need to compute the integrals.

- $\int_0^{\sqrt{2}/2} \int_{-\sqrt{1-y^2}}^{-y} (2x + y) dx dy$
- $\int_{-\sqrt{2}/2}^{\sqrt{2}/2} \int_{-x}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} (x + y) dy dx + \int_{\sqrt{2}/2}^1 \int_{-\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} (x + y) dy dx$
- $\int_0^1 \int_{\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{\sqrt{4-x^2}} x dy dx + \int_1^2 \int_0^{\sqrt{4-x^2}} x dy dx$ .

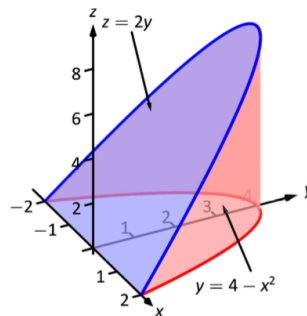
**Problem 3.** Let  $D$  be the region shown below. Set up the triple integral  $\iiint_D dV$  for the volume of  $D$  in three ways: using  $dV$  given by (1)  $dzdydx$ , (2)  $dx dz dy$ , and (3)  $dy dz dx$ .



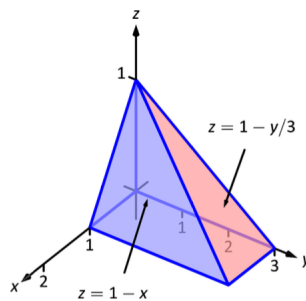
**Problem 4.** Let  $D$  be the region shown below. Set up the triple integral  $\iiint_D dV$  for the volume of  $D$  in three ways: using  $dV$  given by (1)  $dzdydx$ , (2)  $dx dz dy$ , and (3)  $dy dz dx$ .



**Problem 5.** Let  $D$  be the region shown below. Set up the triple integral  $\iiint_D dV$  for the volume of  $D$  in three ways: using  $dV$  given by (1)  $dzdydx$ , (2)  $dx dz dy$ , and (3)  $dy dz dx$ .



**Problem 6.** Let  $D$  be the region shown below. Set up the triple integral  $\iiint_D dV$  for the volume of  $D$  in three ways: using  $dV$  given by (1)  $dzdydx$ , (2)  $dx dz dy$ , and (3)  $dy dz dx$ .



**Problem 7.** For each solid  $D$  and corresponding density  $f$  described below, set up a triple integral  $\iiint_D f(r, \theta, z) dV$  in cylindrical coordinates to find the mass of the solid.

- a.  $f(x, y, z) = z$ ,  $D$  bounded by the cylinders  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$  and  $x^2 + y^2 = 9$  and between the planes  $z = 0$  and  $z = 10$ .
- b.  $f(x, y, z) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} + 1$ ,  $D$  given by the upper half of the unit ball centered at the origin.
- c.  $f(x, y, z) = x + y$ ,  $D$  bounded by the cone  $z = 4 - \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$  and the plane  $z = 0$ .

**Problem 8.** For each triple integral below, given in cylindrical coordinates make a sketch of the region of integration and give a brief description of the region in words.

- a.  $\int_0^{2\pi} \int_3^4 \int_0^5 r dzdrd\theta$
- b.  $\int_0^\pi \int_0^1 \int_0^{2-r} r dzdrd\theta$
- c.  $\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^a \int_0^{\sqrt{a^2-r^2}+b} r dzdrd\theta$