## Math 339SP, Spring 2022 — Homework 3

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## Due February 18 at 5:00 pm

**Instructions.** This problem set covers material from Week 3 of class, with a focus on Chapter 3 of the textbook.

Problem 1. Suppose a 3-state Markov chain has transition matrix given by

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & 0.4 & 0.1 \\ 0.3 & 0.4 & 0.3 \\ 0.2 & 0.3 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 1. Solve a system of equations to find a probability vector  $\pi$  such that  $\pi P = \pi$ . You may use R to do row reduction.
- 2. Read Theorem 3.2 in our textbook and then use it to find  $\lim_{n\to\infty} P^n$ .
- 3. Read the end of Section 3.1 of our textbook starting at the heading *Proportion of Time in Each State*. Give the expected long run proportion of visits to each of the 3 states.

**Problem 2.** Recall the random walk on the 6-cycle that was discussed in Week 3 worksheets. We found that it had a unique stationary distribution but that it did not have a limiting distribution. Here, we introduce a modification of this Markov chain called a *lazy random walk*. Before each step of the lazy random walk on the 6-cycle, we toss a coin. If it lands heads, the walker transitions to one of its neighbors like in the standard random walk; if it lands tails, the walker stays at its current vertex.

- 1. Express the transition matrix Q for the lazy random walk in terms of the transition matrix P for the standard random walk. Use Problem 2 from Homework 2 to do this.
- 2. Prove that  $\pi Q = \pi$ , where  $\pi$  is the stationary distribution you found for P.
- 3. Is Q regular? You may use technology to justify your answer.
- 4. Find  $\lim_{n\to\infty} Q^n$  without using R. Make sure to justify your answer.
- 5. We will soon define the term periodicity formally, but for now we can think of a state being n-periodic when we're only able to return to it in multiples of n steps. What is the periodicity of each state in the standard random walk on the 6-cycle? What about the lazy version? No justification is needed for these questions.

**Problem 3.** Try the following exercises from Chapter 3.

- 1. Exercise 3.5 (always feel free to use R to row reduce and solve systems of equations)
- 2. Exercise 3.7
- 3. Exercise 3.8 (If the chain does not have a unique stationary distribution, describe all the stationary distributions.)
- 4. Exercise 3.10